

## First aid fact sheet

# Bites and stings quick guide

For any snake bite (including sea snakes), funnel-web spider and mouse spider bites, blue-ringed octopus bite, cone shell sting

# See the Snake bite

fact sheet.

For box jellyfish; Irukandji, morbakka and jimble jellyfish, or other tropical jellyfish sting

For bluebottle and other

nontropical jellyfish stings;

stinging fish (eg stonefish,

#### lionfish, bullrout); stingray, crown-of-thorns starfish, sea urchin **DO NOT use on suspected**

box jellyfish or Irukandji

stings.

For red-back spider or other spider bite; bee, wasp or ant sting; tick bite; scorpion or centipede sting; jellyfish sting

## Pressure bandaging and immobilisation

- 1 If the bite or sting is on a limb, apply a broad pressure bandage (crepe preferred) over the bite site.
- 2 Apply a firm heavy crepe or elasticised roller bandage (10–15 centimetres wide) starting just above the fingers or toes, and moving upwards on the bitten limb as far as can be reached.
- 3 Apply the bandage as tightly as possible to the limb.
- 4 Immobilise the bandaged limb using splints.
- 5 Seek medical aid.

### **Vinegar**

- 1 Immediately flood the entire stung area with lots of vinegar for at least 30 seconds. DO NOT use fresh water.
- 2 If pain relief is required, apply a cold pack only after vinegar has been applied.
- 3 Urgently seek medical aid at a hospital if symptoms are severe.

#### **Hot water**

- 1 Check the water to ensure it is as hot as you can comfortably tolerate before treating the patient.
- 2 Place the stung area in hot water for 20 minutes—help patient under a hot shower, place a stung hand or foot in hot water, or pour hot water over the stung area. Do not burn the patient.
- 3 Remove briefly before reimmersing.
- 4 Continue this cycle if pain persists.
- 5 Urgently seek medical aid at a hospital if symptoms are severe.

#### Cold pack

- 1 Apply a cold pack to the bitten or stung area for 15 minutes and reapply if pain continues.
- 2 The cold pack should be changed when necessary to maintain the same level of coldness.
- 3 See medical aid if the pain worsens.

In a medical emergency call Triple Zero (000)

**DRSABCD** Danger ▶ Response ▶ Send for help ▶ Airway ▶ Breathing ▶ CPR ▶ Defibrillation

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